

偏微分方程式「クッキー-シ-ズ」

in 福岡工業大学

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Asymptotic behavior of solutions to nonlinear partial differential equations with dissipation

## 1. Introduction

generalized cubic double dispersion equation

$$(1) \begin{cases} (1-\Delta)u_{tt} + \Delta u - \mu \Delta u_t - a^2 \Delta u = \Delta f(u) \\ u(0) = u_0, \quad u_t(0) = u_1 := \Lambda v_1 \end{cases} \quad t \geq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$\mu > 0, a > 0$  : constants,

$f(u) = O(u^2)$  for  $u \rightarrow 0$ ,  $f(u)$  : smooth

$$\Lambda u = \mathcal{F}^{-1} [i|\xi| \hat{u}] \quad \Lambda = i(-\Delta)^{1/2}, \quad \Lambda^2 = \Delta$$

waveguide (導波管) wave propagation in waveguide

$$u_{tt} - u_{xx} = \frac{1}{4} (\gamma u^3 + b u^2 + \alpha u_{tt} - \beta u_{xx} + \delta u_t)_{xx}$$

$u = U_x$  : strain,  $U$  : longitudinal displacement  
縦方向

Aim

1. Global existence and decay estimate

$$n \geq 1, s \geq \left[\frac{n}{2}\right], E_1 = \|(u_0, U_1)\|_{H^{s+1} \times L^1} : \text{small}$$

$$\|\partial_x^k u(t)\|_{L^2} \leq C E_1 (1+t)^{-\frac{n-k}{4}}, \quad 0 \leq k \leq s+1$$

2. Asymptotic behavior for  $n \geq 2$

$$u \sim w^+ + w^-$$

$w^\pm(x, t) = M_\pm K_\pm(x, t) : \text{linear diffusion waves}$

$$K_\pm(x, t) = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left[ e^{-\frac{M}{2} |\xi|^2 t} e^{\pm a i |\xi| t} \right] (x)$$

$$M_\pm = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} (u_0 + \frac{1}{a} U_1)(x) dx$$

$$w_t = K_\pm \text{ satisfies } w_t \mp a \Delta w = \frac{M}{2} \Delta w$$

3. Asymptotic behavior for  $n=1$

$$f(u) = \frac{b}{2} u^2 + O(u^3), \quad u_1 = \partial_x U_1$$

$$u \sim w^+ + w^-$$

$$w^\pm(x, t) = \frac{1}{b_\pm} \frac{1}{\sqrt{t+1}} \Phi \left( \frac{x \pm a(t+1)}{\sqrt{t+1}}; b_\pm M_\pm \right),$$

$$b_\pm = \mp \frac{b}{2a} \quad \text{nonlinear diffusion waves}$$

$w := w^\pm$  satisfies

$$w_t \mp a w_x + \left( \frac{1}{2} b \pm w^2 \right)_x = \frac{\mu}{2} w_{xx}$$

$z := \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \Phi\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{t}}; M\right)$  : self-similar sol of the  
viscous Burgers equation

$$z_t + \left( \frac{1}{2} z^2 \right)_x = \frac{\mu}{2} z_{xx}$$

satisfying  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z dx = M$ ,